



AN IMPORTANT MESSAGE ABOUT FUSING SCHEDULES:

Any "generic" schedule is meant as a starting point. Your project, your kiln, and your desired results are all variables that will likely be reasons to adjust this schedule. Remember to fuse and anneal for the thickest part of the glass. By using this schedule you agree that the final responsibility is yours and yours alone and under no circumstances will FusedGlass.Org, it's partners or owners be held responsible for the results of using this schedule.

FIRING TYPE:	SLUMP
THICKNESS:	1/2 inch / 12MM / 4 LAYERS
SEGMENTS:	6

ASSUMPTIONS FOR THIS SCHEDULE

This schedule assumes that you are slumping Bullseye glass that is 4 layers of single thickness (1/2 inch total). System 96 fusers should change the anneal hold temperature in segment 5 from 960 to 950.

This schedule makes assumptions regarding maximum heating and cooling rates of a glass kiln. All times are an approximation. **Kilns should NOT be fired unattended.**

START TEMP	75
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Seg	Rate (°F / HR)	Target Temp.	Soak (Hold)	Estimated Segment Time	
1	50	900	15	16:45	The only goal for this segment (besides heating the glass) is to not thermal shock the pieces. If your glass is positioned especially close to your kiln's elements, if there are metal inclusions or iridized surfaces, or other characteristics that may interfere with even heating then you should consider slowing down this segment. The 15 minute hold at the end of the segment allows us to more completely burn off any glue, fiber paper binder or other organic material.
2	100	1175	00	2:45	Our final heating brings us to the process temperature - slumping at 1175° F where we do not soak the glass. Process temperatures are highly kiln dependant. You should adjust this temperature and hold time according to your kiln and the desired results. It is easier to slump into larger areas than small, detailed areas.
3	9999	960	120	2:43	With our slumping complete, we now cool as rapidly as possible to our anneal hold at 960 degrees. The 120 minute soak at this stage allows the temperature to equalize throughout the glass.
4	50	800	00	3:12	We now begin our controlled anneal cooling. The goal of this segment - and the next - is to allow our work to both contract and harden evenly throughout the glass while the glass returns to a completely solid state.
5	100	700	00	1:00	Complete our annealing.
6	200	100	00	4:48	The goal of this segment is to cool the glass to room temperature without thermal shocking the glass. As with segment 1, if your glass is positioned closely to the heating elements, if there are metal inclusions or iridized surfaces, or other characteristics that may interfere with even cooling then you should consider slowing down this segment.
7	0	0	00	--	This segment is not used for this schedule.
8	0	0	00	--	This segment is not used for this schedule.

Total Elapsed **1d 7h 13m**